WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2023 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 3340

By Delegates Hardy, Espinosa, Storch, Statler, Hott,

Hite, Horst and Toney

[Introduced February 08, 2023; Referred to the

Committee on Finance]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §7-11B-3, §7-11B-7, §7-11B-8, §7-11B-9, and §7-11B-10 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating generally to property tax increment 2 3 financing; amending definition of tax increment financing; modifying the existing 4 authorization for a county commission or municipality to extend the termination time of 5 certain districts; providing for certain notice to other levying bodies prior to a new project 6 plan or project plan amendment for certain property tax districts being considered for 7 approval; and eliminating certain approval of other levying bodies prior to amendment of an 8 existing district by the county commission or governing body of the municipality making the 9 amendment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 11B. WEST VIRGINIA TAX INCREMENT FINANCING ACT. §7-11B-3. Definitions.

(a) General. — When used in this article, words and phrases defined in this section have
 the meanings ascribed to them in this section unless a different meaning is clearly required either
 by the context in which the word or phrase is used or by specific definition in this article.

4 (b) Words and phrases defined. —

S "Agency" includes a municipality, a county or municipal development agency established
pursuant to authority granted in §7-12-1 of this code, a port authority, an airport authority or any
other entity created by this state or an agency or instrumentality of this state that engages in
economic development activity or the Division of Highways.

9 "Base assessed value" means the taxable assessed value of all real and tangible personal 10 property, excluding personal motor vehicles, having a tax situs within a development or 11 redevelopment district as shown upon the landbooks and personal property books of the assessor 12 on July 1 of the calendar year preceding the effective date of the order or ordinance creating and 13 establishing the development or redevelopment district: *Provided*, That for any development or 14 redevelopment district approved after the effective date of the amendments to this section enacted

during the regular session of the Legislature in 2014, personal trailers, personal boats, personal
campers, personal motor homes, personal ATVs and personal motorcycles having a tax situs
within a development or redevelopment district are excluded from the base assessed value.

18 "Blighted area" means an area within the boundaries of a development or redevelopment 19 district located within the territorial limits of a municipality or county in which the structures, 20 buildings or improvements, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence, 21 inadequate provision for access, ventilation, light, air, sanitation, open spaces, high density of 22 population and overcrowding or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property, are 23 detrimental to the public health, safety, morals or welfare. "Blighted area" includes any area which, 24 by reason of the presence of a substantial number of substandard, slum, deteriorated or 25 deteriorating structures, predominance of defective or inadequate street layout, faulty lot layout in 26 relation to size, adequacy, accessibility or usefulness, unsanitary or unsafe conditions, 27 deterioration of site or other improvements, diversity of ownership, defective or unusual conditions 28 of title or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or 29 any combination of such factors, substantially impairs or arrests the sound growth of a 30 municipality, retards the provision of housing accommodations or constitutes an economic or 31 social liability and is a menace to the public health, safety, morals or welfare in its present condition 32 and use, or any area which is predominantly open and which because of lack of accessibility, 33 obsolete platting, diversity of ownership, deterioration of structures or of site improvements, or 34 otherwise, substantially impairs or arrests the sound growth of the community.

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"Commissioner of Highways" means the Commissioner of the Division of Highways.

36 "Conservation area" means any improved area within the boundaries of a development or 37 redevelopment district located within the territorial limits of a municipality or county in which fifty 38 percent or more of the structures in the area have an age of thirty-five years or more. A 39 conservation area is not yet a blighted area but is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals or 40 welfare and may become a blighted area because of any one or more of the following factors:

Dilapidation; obsolescence; deterioration; illegal use of individual structures; presence of structures below minimum code standards; abandonment; excessive vacancies; overcrowding of structures and community facilities; lack of ventilation, light or sanitary facilities; inadequate utilities; excessive land coverage; deleterious land use or layout; depreciation of physical maintenance; and lack of community planning. A conservation area shall meet at least three of the factors provided in this subdivision.

47 "County commission" means the governing body of a county of this state and, for purposes
48 of this article only, includes the governing body of a Class I, Class II or Class III municipality in this
49 state.

50 "Current assessed value" means the annual taxable assessed value of all real and tangible 51 personal property, excluding personal motor vehicles, having a tax situs within a development or 52 redevelopment district as shown upon the landbook and personal property records of the 53 assessor: Provided, That for any development or redevelopment district approved after the 54 effective date of the amendments to this section enacted during the regular session of the 55 Legislature in 2014, personal trailers, personal boats, personal campers, personal motor homes, 56 personal ATVs and personal motorcycles having a tax situs within a development or 57 redevelopment district are excluded from the current assessed value.

58 "Development office" means the West Virginia Department of Economic Development
 59 created in §5B-2-1 of this code.

⁶⁰ "Development project" or "redevelopment project" means a project undertaken in a ⁶¹ development or redevelopment district for eliminating or preventing the development or spread of ⁶² slums or deteriorated, deteriorating or blighted areas, for discouraging the loss of commerce, ⁶³ industry or employment, for increasing employment or for any combination thereof in accordance ⁶⁴ with a tax increment financing plan. A development or redevelopment project may include one or ⁶⁵ more of the following:

(A) The acquisition of land and improvements, if any, within the development or
 redevelopment district and clearance of the land so acquired; or

(B) The development, redevelopment, revitalization or conservation of the project area
whenever necessary to provide land for needed public facilities, public housing or industrial or
commercial development or revitalization, to eliminate unhealthful, unsanitary or unsafe
conditions, to lessen density, mitigate or eliminate traffic congestion, reduce traffic hazards,
eliminate obsolete or other uses detrimental to public welfare or otherwise remove or prevent the
spread of blight or deterioration;

(C) The financial or other assistance in the relocation of persons and organizations displaced as a result of carrying out the development or redevelopment project and other improvements necessary for carrying out the project plan, together with those site improvements that are necessary for the preparation of any sites and making any land or improvements acquired in the project area available, by sale or lease, for public housing or for development, redevelopment or rehabilitation by private enterprise for commercial or industrial uses in accordance with the plan;

(D) The construction of capital improvements within a development or redevelopment
district designed to increase or enhance the development of commerce, industry or housing within
the development project area; or

84 (E) Any other projects the county commission or the agency deems appropriate to carry85 out the purposes of this article.

⁸⁶ "Development or redevelopment district" means an area proposed by one or more ⁸⁷ agencies as a development or redevelopment district which may include one or more counties, ⁸⁸ one or more municipalities or any combination thereof, that has been approved by the county ⁸⁹ commission of each county in which the project area is located if the project is located outside the ⁹⁰ corporate limits of a municipality, or by the governing body of a municipality if the project area is ⁹¹ located within a municipality, or by both the county commission and the governing body of the

92 municipality when the development or redevelopment district is located both within and without a93 municipality.

94 "Division of Highways" means the state Department of Transportation, Division of95 Highways.

96 "Economic development area" means any area or portion of an area within the boundaries 97 of a development or redevelopment district located within the territorial limits of a municipality or 98 county that is neither a blighted area nor a conservation area and for which the county commission 99 finds that development or redevelopment will not be solely used for development of commercial 100 businesses that will unfairly compete in the local economy and that development or 101 redevelopment is in the public interest because it will:

102 (A) Discourage commerce, industry or manufacturing from moving their operations to103 another state;

104 (B) Result in increased employment in the municipality or county, whichever is applicable;105 or

106 (C) Result in preservation or enhancement of the tax base of the county or municipality.

107 "Governing body of a municipality" means the city council of a Class I, Class II or Class III
108 municipality in this state.

"Incremental value", for any development or redevelopment district, means the difference
between the base assessed value and the current assessed value. The incremental value will be
positive if the current value exceeds the base value and the incremental value will be negative if
the current value is less than the base assessed value.

"Includes" and "including", when used in a definition contained in this article, shall not
exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term being defined.

"Intergovernmental agreement" means any written agreement that may be entered into by
and between two or more county commissions, or between two or more municipalities, or between
a county commission and a municipality, in the singular and the plural, or between two or more

government entities and the Commissioner of Highways: *Provided*, That any intergovernmental agreement shall not be subject to provisions governing intergovernmental agreements set forth in other provisions of this code, including, but not limited to, §8-23-1 *et seq.* of this code, but shall be subject to the provisions of this article.

"Local levying body" means the county board of education and the county commission and
includes the governing body of a municipality when the development or redevelopment district is
located, in whole or in part, within the boundaries of the municipality.

125 "Obligations" or "tax increment financing obligations" means bonds, loans, debentures, 126 notes, special certificates or other evidences of indebtedness issued by a county commission or 127 municipality pursuant to this article to carry out a development or redevelopment project or to 128 refund outstanding obligations under this article.

"Order" means an order of the county commission adopted in conformity with theprovisions of this article and as provided in this chapter.

"Ordinance" means a law adopted by the governing body of a municipality in conformity
with the provisions of this article and as provided in §8-1-1 *et seq.* of this code.

"Payment in lieu of taxes" means a payment with respect to real and personal property located in a development or redevelopment district and owned in title by this state, a political subdivision of this state or an agency or instrumentality thereof, that is made by the lessee of such property pursuant to a written payment in lieu of taxes agreement, whether in effect as of, or subsequent to, the date of creation of the development or redevelopment district.

"Person" means any natural person, and any corporation, association, partnership, limited
partnership, limited liability company or other entity, regardless of its form, structure or nature,
other than a government agency or instrumentality.

141 "Private project" means any project that is subject to ad valorem property taxation in this
142 state or to a payment in lieu of tax agreement that is undertaken by a project developer in
143 accordance with a tax increment financing plan in a development or redevelopment district.

"Project" means any capital improvement, facility or both, as specifically set forth and defined in the project plan, requiring an investment of capital including, but not limited to, extensions, additions or improvements to existing facilities, including water or wastewater facilities, and the remediation of contaminated property as provided for in §22-22-1 *et seq.* of this code, but does not include performance of any governmental service by a county or municipal government.

"Project area" means an area within the boundaries of a development or redevelopment
district in which a development or redevelopment project is undertaken as specifically set forth and
defined in the project plan.

153 "Project costs" means expenditures made in preparation of the development or 154 redevelopment project plan and made, or estimated to be made, or monetary obligations incurred, 155 or estimated to be incurred, by the county commission which are listed in the project plan as 156 capital improvements within a development or redevelopment district, plus any costs incidental 157 thereto. "Project costs" include, but are not limited to:

(A) Capital costs, including, but not limited to, the actual costs of the construction of public
works or improvements, capital improvements and facilities, new buildings, structures and
fixtures, the demolition, alteration, remodeling, repair or reconstruction of existing buildings,
structures and fixtures, environmental remediation, parking and landscaping, the acquisition of
equipment and site clearing, grading and preparation;

(B) Financing costs, including, but not limited to, an interest paid to holders of evidences of
indebtedness issued to pay for project costs, all costs of issuance and any redemption premiums,
credit enhancement or other related costs;

(C) Real property assembly costs, meaning any deficit incurred resulting from the sale or
lease as lessor by the county commission of real or personal property having a tax situs within a
development or redevelopment district for consideration that is less than its cost to the county
commission;

(D) Professional service costs including, but not limited to, those costs incurred forarchitectural planning, engineering and legal advice and services;

(E) Imputed administrative costs including, but not limited to, reasonable charges for time
spent by county employees or municipal employees in connection with the implementation of a
project plan;

(F) Relocation costs including, but not limited to, those relocation payments madefollowing condemnation and job training and retraining;

(G) Organizational costs including, but not limited to, the costs of conducting
environmental impact and other studies and the costs of informing the public with respect to the
creation of a development or redevelopment district and the implementation of project plans;

(H) Payments made, in the discretion of the county commission or the governing body of a
 municipality, which are found to be necessary or convenient to creation of development or
 redevelopment districts or the implementation of project plans; and

(I) That portion of costs related to the construction of environmental protection devices, storm or sanitary sewer lines, water lines, amenities or streets or the rebuilding or expansion of streets, or the construction, alteration, rebuilding or expansion of which is necessitated by the project plan for a development or redevelopment district, whether or not the construction, alteration, rebuilding or expansion is within the area or on land contiguous thereto.

188 "Project developer" means any person who engages in the development of projects in the189 state.

"Project plan" means the plan for a development or redevelopment project that is adopted
by a county commission or governing body of a municipality in conformity with the requirements of
this article and this chapter or §8-1-1 *et seq.* of this code.

193 "Real property" means all lands, including improvements and fixtures on them and194 property of any nature appurtenant to them or used in connection with them and every estate,

interest and right, legal or equitable, in them, including terms of years and liens by way of
judgment, mortgage or otherwise, and indebtedness secured by the liens.

197 "Redevelopment area" means an area designated by a county commission or the 198 governing body of a municipality in respect to which the commission or governing body has made 199 a finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be classified as a blighted area, a 200 conservation area, an economic development area or a combination thereof, which area includes 201 only those parcels of real property directly and substantially benefitted by the proposed 202 redevelopment project located within the development or redevelopment district or land 203 contiguous thereto.

"Redevelopment plan" means the comprehensive program under this article of a county or municipality for redevelopment intended by the payment of redevelopment costs to reduce or eliminate those conditions, the existence of which qualified the redevelopment area as a blighted area, conservation area, economic development area or combination thereof, and to thereby enhance the tax bases of the levying bodies which extend into the redevelopment area. Each redevelopment plan shall conform to the requirements of this article.

210 "Tax increment" means the amount of regular levy property taxes attributable to the 211 amount by which the current assessed value of real and tangible personal property having a tax 212 situs in a development or redevelopment district exceeds the base assessed value of the property. 213 Provided, That where the period of existence of a development or redevelopment district is 214 extended beyond its originally scheduled termination date as permitted by §7-11B-10 of this code, 215 only the regular and excess property tax levies of the county commission and any Class I, II, III or 216 IV municipality, a portion of which is located within the boundaries of the development or 217 redevelopment district, shall be included in the tax increment following the originally scheduled 218 termination date of the development or redevelopment district

219 "Tax increment financing fund" means a separate fund for a development or 220 redevelopment district established by the county commission or governing body of the

221 municipality into which all tax increment revenues and other pledged revenues are deposited and 222 from which projected project costs, debt service and other expenditures authorized by this article 223 are paid.

"This code" means the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended by the Legislature.

225 "Total ad valorem property tax regular levy rate" means the aggregate levy rate of all 226 levying bodies on all taxable property having a tax situs within a development or redevelopment 227 district in a tax year but does not include excess levies, levies for general obligation bonded 228 indebtedness or any other levies that are not regular levies.

§7-11B-7. Creation of a development or redevelopment area or district.

(a) County commissions and the governing bodies of Class I, Class II or Class III
 municipalities, upon their own initiative or upon application of an agency or a developer, may
 propose creation of a development or redevelopment district and designate the boundaries of the
 district: *Provided*, That a district may not include noncontiguous land.

5 (b) The county commission or municipality proposing creation of a development or 6 redevelopment district shall then hold a public hearing at which interested parties are afforded a 7 reasonable opportunity to express their views on the proposed creation of a development or 8 redevelopment district and its proposed boundaries.

9 (1) Notice of the hearing shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in accordance
10 with §59-3-2 of this code.

11 (2) The notice shall include the time, place and purpose of the public hearing, describe in 12 sufficient detail the tax increment financing plan, the proposed boundaries of the development or 13 redevelopment district and, when a development or redevelopment project plan is being 14 proposed, the proposed tax increment financing obligations to be issued to finance the 15 development or redevelopment project costs.

(3) Prior to the first day of publication, a copy of the notice shall be sent by first-class mail to
 the director of the Development Office and to the chief executive officer of all other local levying

bodies having the power to levy taxes on real and tangible personal property located within theproposed development or redevelopment district.

(4) All parties who appear at the hearing shall be afforded an opportunity to express their
 views on the proposal to create the development or redevelopment district and, if applicable, the
 development or redevelopment project plan and proposed tax increment financing obligations.

23 (c) After the public hearing, the county commission, or the governing body of the 24 municipality, shall finalize the boundaries of the development or redevelopment district, the 25 development or redevelopment project plan, or both, and submit the same to the director of the 26 Development Office for his or her review and approval. The director, within sixty days after receipt 27 of the application, shall approve the application as submitted, reject the application or return the 28 application to the county commission or governing body of the municipality for further 29 development or review in accordance with instructions of the director of the Development Office. A 30 development or redevelopment district or development or redevelopment project plan may not be 31 adopted by the county commission or the governing body of a municipality until after it has been 32 approved by the executive director of the Development Office.

(d) Upon approval of the application by the Development Office, the county commission
 may enter an order and the governing body of the municipality proposing the district or
 development or redevelopment project plan may adopt an ordinance, that:

36 (1) Describes the boundaries of a development or redevelopment district sufficiently to
37 identify with ordinary and reasonable certainty the territory included in the district, which
38 boundaries shall create a contiguous district;

39 (2) Creates the development or redevelopment district as of a date provided in the order or
40 ordinance;

41 (3) Assigns a name to the development or redevelopment district for identification42 purposes.

(A) The name may include a geographic or other designation, shall identify the county or
municipality authorizing the district and shall be assigned a number, beginning with the number
one.

46 (B) Each subsequently created district in the county or municipality shall be assigned the
47 next consecutive number;

48 (4) Contains findings that the real property within the development or redevelopment
49 district will be benefitted by eliminating or preventing the development or spread of slums or
50 blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating areas, discouraging the loss of commerce, industry or
51 employment, increasing employment or any combination thereof;

52 (5) Approves the development or redevelopment project plan, if applicable;

(6) Establishes a tax increment financing fund as a separate fund into which all tax increment revenues and other revenues designated by the county commission, or governing body of the municipality, for the benefit of the development or redevelopment district shall be deposited, and from which all project costs shall be paid, which may be assigned to and held by a trustee for the benefit of bondholders if tax increment financing obligations are issued by the county commission or the governing body of the municipality; and

(7) Provides that ad valorem property taxes on real and tangible personal property having a tax situs in the development or redevelopment district shall be assessed, collected and allocated in the following manner, commencing upon the date of adoption of such order or ordinance and continuing for so long as any tax increment financing obligations are payable from the tax increment financing fund, hereinafter authorized, are outstanding and unpaid:

64 (A) For each tax year, the county assessor shall record in the land and personal property
65 books both the base assessed value and the current assessed value of the real and tangible
66 personal property having a tax situs in the development or redevelopment district;

67 (B) Ad valorem taxes collected from regular levies upon real and tangible personal 68 property having a tax situs in the district that are attributable to the lower of the base assessed

69 value or the current assessed value of real and tangible personal property located in the 70 development project area shall be allocated to the levying bodies in the same manner as 71 applicable to the tax year in which the development or redevelopment project plan is adopted by 72 order of the county commission or by ordinance adopted by the governing body of the municipality; 73 (C) The tax increment with respect to real and tangible personal property in the 74 development or redevelopment district shall be allocated and paid into the tax increment financing 75 fund and shall be used to pay the principal of and interest on tax increment financing obligations 76 issued to finance the costs of the development or redevelopment projects in the development or 77 redevelopment district. Any levying body having a development or redevelopment district within its 78 taxing jurisdiction shall not receive any portion of the annual tax increment except as otherwise 79 provided in this article; and

(D) In no event shall the tax increment include any taxes collected from excess levies,
levies for general obligation bonded indebtedness or any levies other than the regular levies
provided for in §11-8-1 *et seq.* of this code.

(e) Proceeds from tax increment financing obligations issued under this article may only be
used to pay for costs of development and redevelopment projects to foster economic development
in the development or redevelopment district or land contiguous thereto.

(f) Notwithstanding subsection (d) of this section, a county commission may not enter an
 order approving a development or redevelopment project plan unless the county commission
 expressly finds and states in the order that the development or redevelopment project is not
 reasonably expected to occur without the use of tax increment financing.

90 (g) Notwithstanding subsection (d) of this section, the governing body of a municipality
91 may not adopt an ordinance approving a development or redevelopment project plan unless the
92 governing body expressly finds and states in the ordinance that the development or
93 redevelopment project is not reasonably expected to occur without the use of tax increment
94 financing.

(h) No county commission shall establish a development or redevelopment district any
portion of which is within the boundaries of a Class I, II, III or IV municipality without the formal
consent of the governing body of such municipality.

98 (i) A tax increment financing plan that has been approved by a county commission or the
99 governing body of a municipality may be amended by following the procedures set forth in this
100 article for adoption of a new development or redevelopment project plan.

(j) The county commission may modify the boundaries of the development or
redevelopment district, from time to time, or the governing body of a county may extend the length
of existence of the development or redevelopment district as set forth in §7-11B-10 of this code,
subject to the limitations and requirements of this section, by entry of an order modifying the order
creating the development or redevelopment district.

(k) The governing body of a municipality may modify the boundaries of the development or
 redevelopment district, from time to time, or extend the length of existence of the development or
 redevelopment district as set forth in §7-11B-10 of this code, by amending the ordinance creating
 the development or redevelopment district.

110 (I) Before a county commission or the governing body of a municipality may amend such 111 an order or ordinance, the county commission or municipality shall give the public notice as 112 provided in subdivisions (1) and (2), subsection (b) of this section, hold a public hearing, as 113 provided in subdivision (4), subsection (b) of this section, and obtain the approval of the director of 114 the Development Office. and obtain the formal consent of the governing body of any Class I, II, III 115 or IV municipality a portion of which is located within the boundaries of the development or 116 redevelopment district No consent or approval from the local levying bodies having the power to 117 levy taxes on property within the development or redevelopment district shall be required in order 118 to amend such order or ordinance for the purposes herein described, aside from the county 119 commission or the governing body of the municipality which is amending such order or ordinance. 120 In the event any tax increment financing obligations are outstanding with respect to the

121 development or redevelopment district, any change in the boundaries shall not reduce the amount

of tax increment available to secure the outstanding tax increment financing obligations. 122

§7-11B-8. Project plan — approval.

1 (a) The county commission or municipality creating the district shall cause the preparation 2 of a project plan for each development or redevelopment district and the project plan shall be 3 adopted by order of the county commission, or ordinance adopted by the governing body of the 4 municipality, after it is approved by the executive director of the Development Office. This process 5 shall conform to the procedures set forth in this section.

6 (b) Each project plan shall include:

7 (1) A statement listing the kind, number and location of all proposed public works or other 8 improvements within the district and on land outside but contiguous to the district;

9 (2) A cost-benefit analysis showing the economic impact of the plan on each levying body 10 that is at least partially within the boundaries of the development or redevelopment district. This 11 analysis shall show the impact on the economy if the project is not built and is built pursuant to the 12 development or redevelopment plan under consideration. The cost-benefit analysis shall include a 13 fiscal impact study on every affected levying body and sufficient information from the developer for 14 the agency, if any proposing the plan, the county commission be being asked to approve the 15 project and the Development Office to evaluate whether the project as proposed is financially 16 feasible;

17 (3) An economic feasibility study;

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(4) A detailed list of estimated project costs;

19 (5) A description of the methods of financing all estimated project costs, including the 20 issuance of tax increment obligations and the time when the costs or monetary obligations related 21 thereto are to be incurred;

22 (6) A certification by the county assessor of the base assessed value of real and tangible 23 personal property having a tax situs in a development or redevelopment district: Provided, That if

such certification is made during the months of January or February of each year, the county assessor may certify an estimated base assessed value of real and tangible personal property having a tax situs in a development or redevelopment district: *Provided, however,* That prior to issuance of tax increment obligations, the county assessor shall certify a final base assessed value for the estimated base assessed value permitted by this section;

(7) The type and amount of any other revenues that are expected to be deposited to the tax
increment financing fund of the development or redevelopment district;

(8) A map showing existing uses and conditions of real property in the development or
 redevelopment district;

33 (9) A map of proposed improvements and uses in the district;

34 (10) Proposed changes of zoning ordinances, if any;

(11) Appropriate cross-references to any master plan, map, building codes and municipal
 ordinances or county commission orders affected by the project plan;

37 (12) A list of estimated nonproject costs;

(13) A statement of the proposed method for the relocation of any persons, businesses or
 organizations to be displaced;

(14) A certificate from the executive director of the workers' compensation commission, the
 commissioner of the Bureau of Employment Programs and the State Tax Commissioner that the
 project developer is in good standing with the workers' compensation commission, the Bureau of
 Employment Programs and the state Tax Division; and

44 (15) A certificate from the sheriff of the county or counties in which the development or
45 redevelopment district is located that the project developer is not delinquent on payment of any
46 real and personal property taxes in such county.

47 (c) If the project plan is to include tax increment financing, the tax increment financing48 portion of the plan shall set forth:

49 (1) The amount of indebtedness to be incurred pursuant to this article;

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(2) An estimate of the tax increment to be generated as a result of the project;

51 (3) The method for calculating the tax increment, which shall be in conformance with the 52 provisions of this article, together with any provision for adjustment of the method of calculation;

(4) Any other revenues, such as payment in lieu of tax revenues, to be used to secure the
 tax increment financing; and

(5) Any other provisions as may be deemed necessary in order to carry out any tax
increment financing to be used for the development or redevelopment project.

(d) If less than all of the tax increment is to be used to fund a development or redevelopment project or to pay project costs or retire tax increment financing, the project plan shall set forth the portion of the tax increment to be deposited in the tax increment financing fund of the development or redevelopment district and provide for the distribution of the remaining portion of the tax increment to the levying bodies in whose jurisdiction the district lies.

(e) The county commission or governing body of the municipality that established the tax
increment financing fund shall hold a public hearing at which interested parties shall be afforded a
reasonable opportunity to express their views on the proposed project plan being considered by
the county commission or the governing body of the municipality.

66 (1) Notice of the hearing shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in accordance
67 with §59-3-2 of this code.

(2) At least 30 days prior to this publication the public hearing, a copy of the notice and a
copy of the proposed project plan shall be sent by first-class mail to the chief executive officer of all
other levying bodies having the power to levy taxes on property located within the proposed
development or redevelopment district.

(f) Approval by the county commission or the governing body of a municipality of an initial development or redevelopment project plan must be within one year after the date of the county assessor's certification required by subdivision (6), subsection (b) of this section: *Provided*, That additional development or redevelopment project plans may be approved by the county

commission or the governing body of a municipality in subsequent years, so long as the development or redevelopment district continues to exist. The approval shall be by order of the county commission or ordinance of the municipality, which shall contain a finding that the plan is economically feasible.

§7-11B-9. Project plan – amendment.

(a) The county commission may by order, or the governing body of a municipality by
 ordinance, adopt an amendment to a project plan.

3 (b) Adoption of an amendment to a project plan shall be preceded by a public hearing held
4 by the county commission, or governing body of the municipality, at which interested parties shall
5 be afforded a reasonable opportunity to express their views on the amendment.

6 (1) Notice of the hearing shall be published as a Class II legal advertisement in accordance
7 with §59-3-2 of this code.

8 (2) <u>At least 30 days</u> prior to <u>publication the public hearing</u>, a copy of the notice shall be sent
9 by first-class mail to the chief executive officer of all other local levying bodies having the power to
10 levy taxes on property within the development or redevelopment district.

(3) Copies of the proposed plan amendments shall be made available to the public at the
 county clerk's office or municipal clerk's office at least fifteen days prior to the hearing.

13 (c) One or more existing development or redevelopment districts may be combined 14 pursuant to lawfully adopted amendments to the original plans for each district: *Provided*, That the 15 county commission, or governing body of the municipality, finds that the combination of the 16 districts will not impair the security for any tax increment financing obligations previously issued 17 pursuant to this article.

(1) The base assessed value of the real and tangible personal property located in the
 combined development or redevelopment district following such combination shall be the same
 base assessed value as existed for such real and tangible personal property in each of the
 separate development or redevelopment districts prior to such combination.

(2) The termination date for the combined development or redevelopment district which
results from the combination of two or more previously created districts shall be the termination
date as provided pursuant to §7-11B-10 of this code of the development or redevelopment district
which had the latest termination date prior to the combination of such districts.

§7-11B-10. Termination of development or redevelopment district.

1 (a) No development or redevelopment district may be in existence for a period longer than 2 30 years (unless two or more districts are combined as described in §7-11B-9(c) of this code) and 3 no tax increment financing obligations may have a final maturity date later than the termination 4 date of the area or district: *Provided*, That, for any existing development or redevelopment district 5 for which tax increment financing obligations have been issued by a county commission, or the 6 governing body of a municipality, prior to December 31, 2020, the termination date for that existing 7 development or redevelopment district may be extended not more than-five 15 years. or until 8 December 31, 2050, whichever is earlier

9 (b) The county commission or governing body of the municipality creating the development 10 or redevelopment district may set a shorter period for the existence of the district. In this event, no 11 tax increment financing obligations may have a final maturity date later than the termination date of the district. The county commission or the governing body of the municipality which created the 12 13 development or redevelopment district may not take action to terminate a district prior to the time 14 otherwise provided in its official action creating, combining, or extending the district if the county 15 commission or the governing body of the municipality then has tax increment revenue obligations 16 which remain outstanding and unpaid.

17 (c) Upon termination of the district, no further ad valorem tax revenues shall be distributed18 to the tax increment financing fund of the district.

(d) The county commission shall adopt, upon the expiration of the time periods set forth in
 this section, an order terminating the development or redevelopment district created by the county

- 21 commission: *Provided*, That no district shall be terminated so long as bonds with respect to the
- 22 district remain outstanding.
- 23 (e) The governing body of the municipality shall repeal, upon the expiration of the time
- 24 periods set forth in this section, the ordinance establishing the development or redevelopment
- 25 district: *Provided*, That no district shall be terminated so long as bonds with respect to the district
- 26 remain

outstanding.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to revise the West Virginia Tax Increment Financing Act to authorize a county commission or municipality to extend the termination date of certain districts in light of the impact of COVID-19 on districts which had issued bonds prior to December 31, 2020, and clarifying the notice period for providing a copy of notice of public hearing to levying bodies prior to conducting a public hearing on the approval or amendment of a project plan and making other clarifications.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.